Singapore Standard CP 64 : 1996 (2013)

Code of practice for mee and kway teow products

AMENDMENT NO. 1

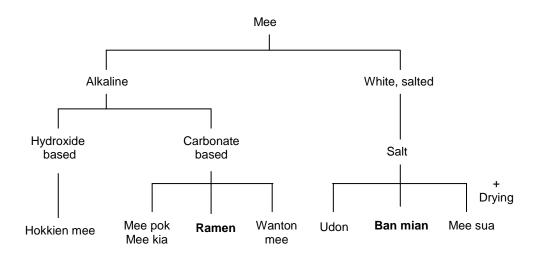
November 2013

1. Page 4, Foreword

- a) *Delete* the 1st reference, CP 3 : 1988 Food hygiene (General).
- b) *Replace* the 2nd reference with "Food regulations".

2. Page 6, Figure 1 – Classification of mee

Add two classifications of mee (in bold) to the figure.



3. Page 7, 3.3.6 Kway teow, hor fun, chee cheong fun and bee tai mak

Replace the first sentence of the second paragraph with the following text:

Kway teow has a thinner width of about 9 mm and a thickness of about 1 mm while hor fun has a broader width of about 15 mm and a thickness of about 1 mm.

4. Page 8, 4.2.1 Hokkien mee

Replace the second last sentence with the following text:

The cooked mee is rinsed in cool water and cooled by fans.

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5. Page 8, 4.2.6 Kway teow, hor fun, chee cheong fun and bee tai mak

Replace the sentence, "The folded sheets ...product" with the following text:

For automated productions, the sheets are transferred by conveyor directly into the cutter, where they are cut into flat strips of varying widths depending on the product.

6. Page 8, 5.1 General hygiene practices

Replace 'very wet, raw cooked mee' in the first sentence with "par-boiled mee".

7. Page 12, 7.2 Chilled storage

Replace the first sentence of the second paragraph with the following text:

Chilled stored temperatures should be set at less than 10 degree Celsius and checked frequently by means of remote reading recording thermometers, which should be checked for accuracy regularly.

8. Page 12, 8.2.1 Transport and distribution

Replace the second sentence with the following text:

Therefore, pre-cool the vehicle to less than 10 degrees Celsius before loading it.