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(ICS 91.100.10)

SINGAPORE STANDARD

- Part 2 : Conformity evaluation

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SINGAPORE STANDARD

Cement

- Part 2 : Conformity evaluation

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SS EN 197-2 : 2014

National Foreword

This Singapore Standard was prepared by the Technical Committee on Building Structure and Substructure under the direction of the Building and Construction Standards Committee.

This standard is a revision of SS EN 197-2:2008. It is an identical adoption of EN 197-2:2014 'Cement – Part 2 : Conformity evaluation' and is adopted with the permission of CEN, Avenue Marnix 17, 1000 Brussels.

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European Standard	Corresponding Singapore Standard
EN 197-1	SS EN 197-1
EN 197-2	SS EN 197-2
EN ISO 9001	SS ISO 9001

3. The comma has been used throughout as a decimal marker whereas in Singapore Standards it is a practice to use a full point on the baseline as the decimal marker.

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EUROPEAN STANDARD NORME EUROPÉENNE EUROPÄISCHE NORM

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English Version

Cement - Part 2: Conformity evaluation

Ciment - Partie 2: Evaluation de la conformité

Zement - Teil 2: Konformitätsbewertung

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 9 November 2013.

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Foreword

This document (EN 197-2:2014) has been prepared by Technical Committee CEN/TC 51 "Cement and building limes", the secretariat of which is held by NBN.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by July 2014, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by July 2014.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. CEN [and/or CENELEC] shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

This document supersedes EN 197-2:2000.

This document has been prepared under a mandate given to CEN by the European Commission and the European Free Trade Association.

Compared to the version EN 197-2:2000, the following major changes have been made in this document:

- use of the terminology given by the Construction Products Regulation (Regulation (EU) No 305/2011) and comparison with the earlier terminology according to the Construction Products Directive (Directive 89/106/EEC) (Annex C);
- link between this European Standard and Annexes ZA of European Standards covering cements;
- guidance concerning the uncertainty of measurements in the evaluation of test results;
- numerical criteria for the evaluation procedure for calcium aluminate cement conforming to EN 14647, (Annex A);
- figure describing the procedure for certification of constancy of performance of cement in a new factory or of a new type of cement in an existing factory (Annex B).

According to the CEN-CENELEC Internal Regulations, the national standards organizations of the following countries are bound to implement this European Standard: Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey and the United Kingdom.

1 Scope

This European Standard specifies the scheme for the assessment and verification of constancy of performance (AVCP) of cements to their corresponding product specification standards, including certification of constancy of performance by a product certification body.

The standard provides technical rules for factory production control by the manufacturer, including autocontrol testing of samples, and for the tasks of the product certification body. It also provides rules for actions to be followed in the event of non-conformity, the procedure for the AVCP and requirements for dispatching centres.

In this European Standard, the word "cement" is used to refer both to common cements as defined in EN 197-1 and to other cements and binders for which the relevant product specification standard makes reference to this European Standard and which are submitted for certification. Such a cement is produced at a given factory and belongs to a particular type and a particular strength class, as defined and specified in the relevant product specification standard.

The guidelines given in the Technical Report CEN/TR 14245 [1]¹⁾ should be used for the application of this European Standard.

This European Standard should be linked with Annexes ZA of European Standards covering cements and binders, i.e. EN 197-1, EN 14216, EN 14647, EN 413-1, EN 15743, in particular for the assignments of tasks to the manufacturer and to the product certification body.

NOTE The reason for having drafted this separate document is that the provisions it includes are applicable to different products covered by different European Standards.

2 Normative references

The following documents, in whole or in part, are normatively referenced in this document and are indispensable for its application. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

EN 196-7, Methods of testing cement - Part 7: Methods of taking and preparing samples of cement

EN 413-1, Masonry cement - Part 1: Composition, specifications and conformity criteria

EN 14647, Calcium aluminate cement - Composition, specifications and conformity criteria

ISO 2854, Statistical interpretation of data - Techniques of estimation and tests relating to means and variances