# **TECHNICAL REFERENCE**

# Code of practice for passive displacement cooling (PDC) system for air-conditioning application





**TR 102:2022** (ICS 91.140.30)

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Code of practice for passive displacement cooling (PDC) system for air-conditioning application

Published by Enterprise Singapore

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ISBN 978-981-5042-90-0

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#### TR 102:2022

#### **Foreword**

This Technical Reference (TR) was prepared by the Working Group on Passive Displacement Cooling (PDC) System for Air-Conditioning Application set up by the Technical Committee on Building Maintenance and Management under the purview of the Building and Construction Standards Committee (BCSC).

This TR introduces the use of passive displacement cooling (PDC) as an energy-efficient air-conditioning and mechanical ventilation (ACMV) system. PDC systems utilise displacement ventilation as an effective method for directing cool air into a target space at a relatively low velocity. With little or no need for mechanical fans to propel cooled air into the target area, PDC relies on natural convection to deliver cooled air, thereby reducing energy consumption from mechanical fans and also enabling higher chilled water temperature set points.

This TR is a provisional standard made available for application over a period of three years. The aim is to use the experience gained to update the TR so that it can be adopted as a Singapore Standard. Users of the TR are invited to provide feedback on its technical content, clarity and ease of use. Feedback can be submitted using the form provided in the TR. At the end of the three years, the TR will be reviewed, taking into account any feedback or other considerations, to further its development into a Singapore Standard if found suitable.

In preparing this TR, reference was made to the Code of Practice for Fire Precautions in Buildings. Acknowledgement is made for the use of information from the Code.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this TR may be the subject of patent rights. Enterprise Singapore shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all of such patent right.

#### NOTE

- Singapore Standards (SSs) and Technical References (TRs) are reviewed periodically to keep abreast of technical changes, technological developments and industry practices. The changes are documented through the issue of either amendments or revisions. Where SSs are deemed to be stable, i.e. no foreseeable changes in them, they will be classified as "mature standards". Mature standards will not be subject to further review unless there are requests to review such standards.
- 2. An SS or TR is voluntary in nature except when it is made mandatory by a regulatory authority. It can also be cited in contracts making its application a business necessity. Users are advised to assess and determine whether the SS or TR is suitable for their intended use or purpose. If required, they should refer to the relevant professionals or experts for advice on the use of the document. Enterprise Singapore and the Singapore Standards Council shall not be liable for any damages whether directly or indirectly suffered by anyone or any organisation as a result of the use of any SS or TR. Although care has been taken to draft this standard, users are also advised to ensure that they apply the information after due diligence.
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# Code of practice for passive displacement cooling (PDC) system for air-conditioning application

#### 0 Introduction

PDC employs a buoyancy-driven cooling process to provide energy and space efficient solutions for cooling enclosed spaces. As an emerging technology in Singapore, there are currently no local standards on PDC systems, particularly in relation to its expected performance in achieving thermal comfort in a space in tropical climates. As a result, PDC system suppliers rely on their own technical specifications and expected performance metrics based on their respective experience, know-how and/or overseas manufacturers' specifications.

This TR aims to encourage best practices on the use of PDC systems in our tropical climate to maximise their cost and sustainability potential while addressing challenges in designing, operating and maintaining the systems.

#### 1 Scope

This TR sets out provisions to instil a common methodology for specifying, verifying and evaluating PDC systems in order to encourage designers and users to adopt PDC systems and to accelerate their adoption in the industry.

This TR provides users with information on the application, operation and maintenance of PDC systems and their value as an alternative means to air-conditioning.

#### 2 Normative references

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

AHRI 410	Forced-circulation air-heating and air-cooling coils
ASHRAE 55	Thermal environmental conditions for human occupancy
ASHRAE 62.1	Ventilation for acceptable indoor air quality
ISO 7730	Ergonomics of the thermal environment — Analytical determination and interpretation of thermal comfort using calculation of the PMV and PPD indices and local thermal comfort criteria
SS 530	Code of practice for energy efficiency standard for building services and equipment
SS 553	Code of practice for air-conditioning and mechanical ventilations in buildings
SS 554	Code of practice for indoor air quality for air-conditioned buildings